Supplemental Methods. Estimated mean age at natural menopause calculations.

We estimated the multivariable-adjusted mean age at natural menopause in the interval between 33.5 years, the youngest age at natural menopause observed, to 60.5 years, the oldest observed age at natural menopause, based on the formula $\hat{\text{age}_{\text{men}}}(X) = \sum_{t=33.5}^{60.5} t \hat{p}(T = t | T \geq 33.5, X) + 60.5 \hat{p}(T > 60.5 | T \geq 33.5, X)$, where $X$ is the exposure and other risk factors included in the Cox model for time to natural menopause. $\hat{\text{age}_{\text{men}}}(X)$ was calculated for each exposure level with the covariates fixed at the median category of each ordinal-categorical variable and at the mode of each polytomous-categorical variable in the multivariable model. $\hat{p}(T = t | X)$ was estimated by $\hat{S}(t - 1 | X) - \hat{S}(t | X)$, where $S$ is the survival function. The baseline survival functions, $S_0(t)$, were estimated non-parametrically using the product-limit method and the survival functions, $S(t | X)$, were then given by the estimated baseline survival function to the power of $\exp(X' \hat{\beta})$, where $\exp(X' \hat{\beta})$ is the vector of regression coefficients from the Cox model. Comparisons of estimated mean age at natural menopause were calculated using unrounded months, and may therefore differ from those calculated using presented values, which were rounded to the nearest tenth of a year.